

This material has a food contact compliant composition which, in combination with the good mechanical performance, dimensional stability, sliding and wear properties and inherent outstanding chemical and hydrolysis resistance of Fluorosint, opens numerous application possibilities in food, pharmaceutical and chemical processing industries. Fluorosint 207 lasts far longer than unfilled PTFE in wear applications and has a very low coefficient of friction. It is a preferred material for lower pressure seats and seals where virgin PTFE fails and food contact compliance may be required.

Physical properties (indicative values ■)

PROPERTIES	Test methods	Units	VALUES
Colour	-	-	white
Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm ³	2.30
Water absorption:			
- after 24/96 h immersion in water of 23 °C (1)	ISO 62	mg	- / -
	ISO 62	%	- / -
- at saturation in air of 23 °C / 50 % RH	-	%	< 0.1
- at saturation in water of 23 °C	-	%	1 - 2
Thermal Properties (2)			
Melting temperature (DSC, 10 °C/min)	ISO 11357-1/3	°C	327
Glass transition temperature (DSC, 20 °C/min) - (3)	ISO 11357-1/2	°C	-
Thermal conductivity at 23 °C	-	W/(K.m)	-
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion:			
- average value between 23 and 100 °C	-	m/(m.K)	85 x 10 ⁻⁶
- average value between 23 and 150 °C	-	m/(m.K)	90 x 10 ⁻⁶
- average value above 150 °C	-	m/(m.K)	155 x 10 ⁻⁶
Temperature of deflection under load:			
- method A: 1.8 MPa	ISO 75-1/2	°C	100
Max. allowable service temperature in air:			
- for short periods (4)	-	°C	280
- continuously : for min. 20,000 h (5)	-	°C	260
Min. service temperature (6)	-	°C	-50
Flammability (7):			
- "Oxygen Index"	ISO 4589-1/2	%	≥ 95
- according to UL 94 (1.5 / 3 mm thickness)	-	-	V-0 / V-0
Mechanical Properties at 23 °C (8)			
Tension test (9):			
- tensile stress at yield / tensile stress at break (10)	ISO 527-1/2	MPa	10 / -
- tensile strength (10)	ISO 527-1/2	MPa	10
- tensile strain at yield(10)	ISO 527-1/2	%	4
- tensile strain at break (10)	ISO 527-1/2	%	> 50
- tensile modulus of elasticity (11)	ISO 527-1/2	MPa	1450
Compression test (12):			
- compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain (11)	ISO 604	MPa	10.5 / 15 / 20
Charpy impact strength - unnotched (13)	ISO 179-1/1eU	kJ/m ²	30
Charpy impact strength - notched	ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m ²	7.5
Ball indentation hardness (14)	ISO 2039-1	N/mm ²	40
Rockwell hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-	R 50
Electrical Properties at 23 °C			
Electric strength (15)	IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	8
Volume resistivity	IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 10 ¹³
Surface resistivity	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	> 10 ¹³
Relative permittivity ε _r : - at 100 Hz	IEC 60250	-	-
- at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	-	2.65
Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ : - at 100 Hz	IEC 60250	-	-
- at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	-	0.008
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	IEC 60112	-	-

Note: 1 g/cm³ = 1,000 kg/m³; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²; 1 kV/mm = 1 MV/m.

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It thus remains the customer's sole responsibility to test and assess the suitability and compatibility of Quadrant's Products for its intended applications, processes and uses, and to choose those Products which according to its assessment meet the requirements applicable to the specific use of the finished product. The customer undertakes all liability in respect of the application, processing or use of the aforementioned information or product, or any consequence thereof, and shall verify its quality and other properties.

Legend:

- According to method 1 of ISO 62 and done on discs Ø 50 mm x 3 mm.
- The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other publications.
- Values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and for materials that do not show a melting temperature (PBI & PI).
- Only for short time exposure (a few hours) in applications where no or only a very low load is applied to the material.
- Temperature resistance over a period of min. 20,000 hours. After this period of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength - measured at 23 °C - of about 50 % as compared with the original value.
The temperature value given here is thus based on the thermal-oxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.
- Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for Fluorosint 207 stock shapes.
- Most of the figures given for the mechanical properties of the extruded materials are average values of tests run on dry test specimens machined out of rod Ø 40 - 60 mm. Except for the hardness tests, the test specimens were then taken from an area mid between centre and outside diameter, with their length in longitudinal direction of the rod (parallel to the extrusion direction).
- Test specimens: Type 1 B
- Test speed: 50 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)]
- Test speed: 1 mm/min.
- Test specimens: cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm
- Pendulum used: 4 J.
- Measured on 10 mm thick test specimens.
- Electrode configuration: Ø 25 mm / Ø 75 mm coaxial cylinders ; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296 ; 1 mm thick test specimens.

■ This table, mainly to be used for comparison purposes, is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of product properties. **However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as the basis of design.**